Clinical Trials Landscape in Canada

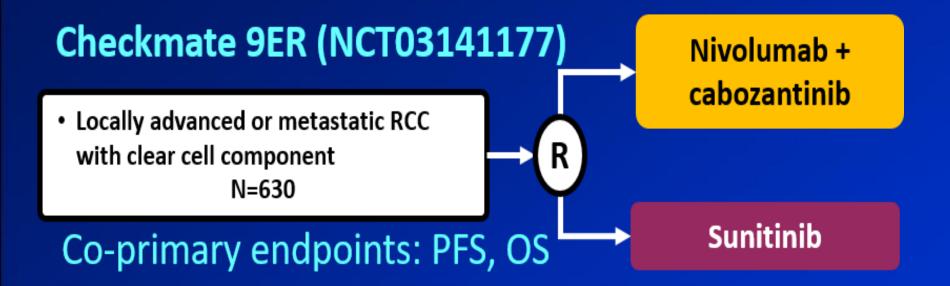
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First-Line Advanced or Metastatic Disease

Phase III trials investigating PD-L1/PD-1 inhibitors plus VEGF inhibitors in 1L mRCC

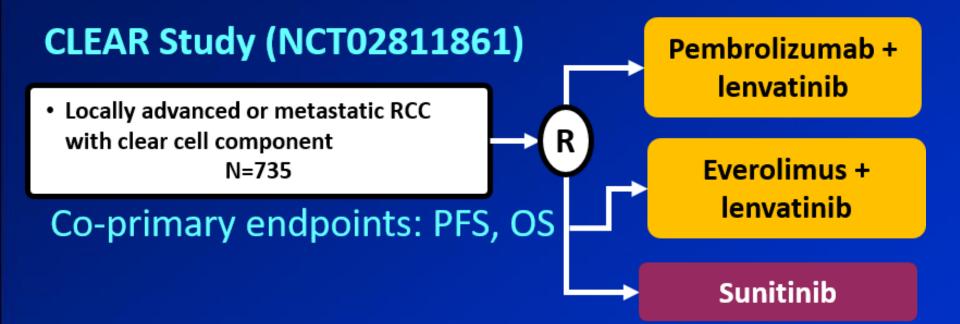


Third arm Cabozantinib/Nivolumab/Ipilumumab arm discontinued

Recruitment ongoing

Results of Phase Ib recently reported

Phase III trials investigating PD-L1/PD-1 inhibitors plus VEGF inhibitors in 1L mRCC

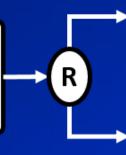


Recruitment ongoing

Results of Phase Ib recently reported

A Phase 3 Study Comparing NKTR-214 Combined with Nivolumab and Ipilimumab to Nivolumab and Ipilimumab Alone in Participants with Previously Untreated Intermediate- and Poor-Risk Advanced Renal Cell Carcinoma

- Unresectable advanced or metastatic RCC
- Clear-cell histology



Nivolumab/Ipilimumab/NKTR214

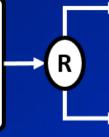
Nivolumab/Ipilimumab

Co-primary endpoints: ORR, PFS, OS

- NKTR-214 = Bempegaldesleukin
- CD122-biased agonist
- CD122 = Interleukin-2 receptor beta subunit, is a key signaling receptor that is known to increase proliferation of these effector T cells.

A Randomized, Double-Blind, Controlled Phase 3 Study of Cabozantinib in Combination with Nivolumab and Ipilimumab versus Nivolumab and Ipilimumab in Previously Untreated Advanced or Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma of Intermediate or Poor Risk

- Unresectable advanced or metastatic RCC
- Clear-cell histology
- N = 676

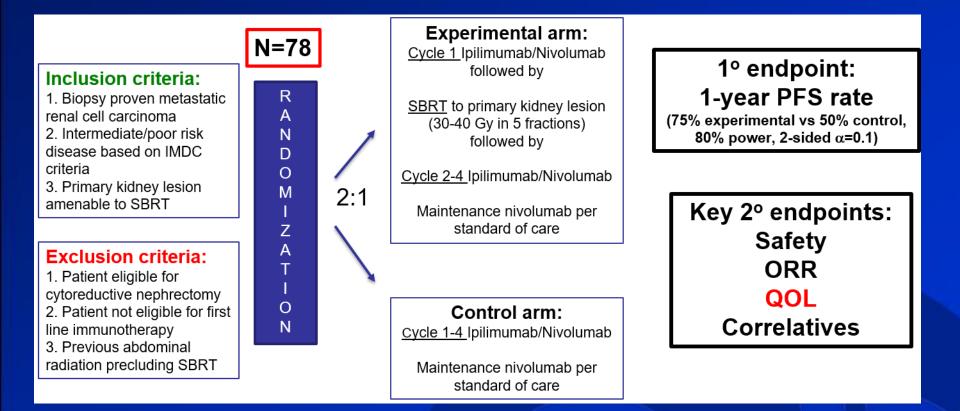


Nivolumab/Ipilimumab/Cabozantinib

Nivolumab/Ipilimumab

Primary endpoints: Duration of PFS

Cytoreductive Stereotactic Hypofractionated Radiotherapy With Combination Ipilumimab/Nivolumab for Metastatic Kidney Cancer (CYTOSHRINK)



Cytoreductive Stereotactic Hypofractionated Radiotherapy With Combination Ipilumimab/Nivolumab for Metastatic Kidney Cancer (CYTOSHRINK)

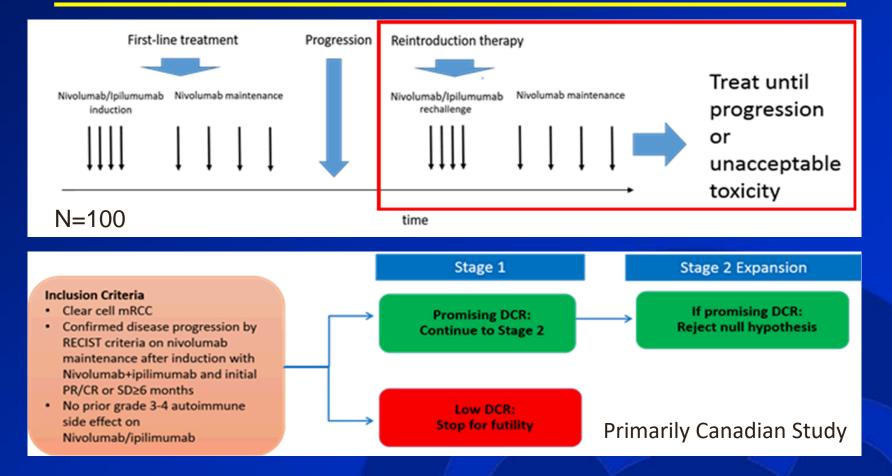
Primary endpoints: 1 year PFS

2:1 randomization N = 78

• Circulating blood markers:

- Baseline IL-6 and other cytokines/angiokines
- Germline DNA and ctDNA
- PBMCs
- Quality of life: FKSI-19, PROMIS-Fatigue, and EQ5D-5L surveys
- Stool Microbiome (16S RNA, metagenomics)

Study Co-Chairs: A. Swaminath, A. Lalani, S. Hotte Ontario study with Hamilton, London, Sunnybrook and Ottawa. A Phase 2, Single-arm Study of Combination Ipilimumab and Nivolumab Rechallenge in Renal Cell Carcinoma Patients Progressing on Nivolumab Maintenance Therapy After Ipilimumab and Nivolumab Induction

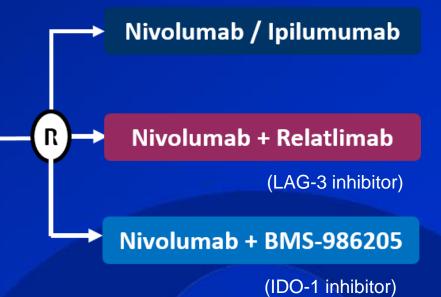


Second Line and Beyond

A Study to Test Combination (Immuno-oncology Drug) Treatments in Patients With Advanced Kidney Cancer: FRACTION RCC

Randomized phase II: FRACTION-RCC

- Metastatic RCC
- Primary endpoint: PFS, ORR, DOR
- Secondary endpoint: Safety, Tolerability
- N = 200
- prior therapy permitted

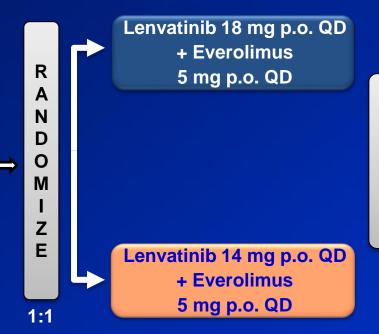


Current Second/Third line Studies:

(N=306 subjects)

Key eligibility criteria:

- Advanced RCC with a clear-cell component
- Measurable disease
- One prior disease progression episode on or after VEGFtargeted treatment
- Prior PD-1/PD-L1 treatment in addition to 1 prior VEGFtargeted treatment
- Karnofsky Performance Status ≥ 70



Primary endpoint: ORR (week 24), Safety (week 24)

Secondary endpoints: ORR, PFS, OS, Safety, HRQOL, PFS2, PK/PD

Stratification by:

- **MSKCC prognostic groups** (favorable, intermediate and poor risk)
- Prior PD-1/PD-L1 treatment (yes and no)

Study to Evaluate Safety, Pharmacokinetics and Therapeutic Activity of RO6874281 as a Combination Therapy in Participants With Unresectable Advanced and/or Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma (RCC)

Randomized phase II: RO6874281 (anti-FAP/interleukin-2 fusion protein RO6874281)

- Metastatic RCC
- Clear-cell histology
- Primary endpoint: DLT, MTD, ORR
- N = 190
- One prior VEGFR inhibitor permitted

RO6874281 plus Atezulizumab RO6874281 plus Atezulizumab plus Bevacizumab

Study of Efficacy, Safety, and Quality of Life of Pazopanib in Patients With Advanced and/or Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma After Prior Checkpoint Inhibitor Treatment (IO-PAZ)

Phase II: n = 100 with 1 or 2 prior lines of therapy

- Unresectable advanced or metastatic RCC
- Clear-cell histology
- Prior checkpoint inhibitor therapy

Primary endpoints: PFS



Study of Efficacy, Safety, and Quality of Life of Pazopanib in Patients With Advanced and/or Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma After Prior Checkpoint Inhibitor Treatment (IO-PAZ)

Phase II: n = 100 with 1 or 2 prior lines of therapy

- Unresectable advanced or metastatic RCC
- Clear-cell histology
- Prior checkpoint inhibitor therapy

Primary endpoints: PFS

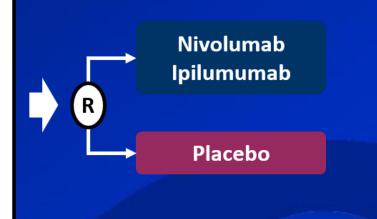
Pazopanib

Adjuvant Studies

Adjuvant Studies: A Study Comparing the Combination of Nivolumab and Ipilimumab Versus Placebo in Patients With Localized Kidney Cancer

Randomized phase III: Checkmate 914

- Localized RCC
- Clear-cell histology
- Primary endpoint: DFS
- Secondary endpoint: OS
- pT2a, G3 or G4, N0 M0; pT2b, G any, N0 M0; pT3, G any, N0 M0; pT4, G any, N0 M0; pT any, G any, N1 M0



N = 800

Adjuvant Studies: A Study of Atezolizumab as Adjuvant Therapy in Patients with Kidney Cancer at High Risk of Developing Metastasis After a Nephrectomy

Randomized phase III: IMmotion 010

- Localized RCC
- Clear-cell histology
- •N = 664
- Primary endpoint: DFS
- Secondary endpoint: OS
- T2 Grade 4, T3a Grade 3-4, T3b/c any Grade, T4 any Grade or TxN+ any Grade
- have had complete resection of limited metachronous/synchronous metastasis



Adjuvant Studies: A Study of Pembrolizumab as Adjuvant Therapy in Patients After a Nephrectomy

Randomized phase III: Keynote 564

- Localized RCC
- Clear-cell histology
- •N = 950
- Primary endpoint: DFS
- Secondary endpoint: OS
- Intermediate risk: pT2, Grade 4 or sarcomatoid, N0, M0; pT3, Any Grade, N0, M0
- •High risk RCC: pT4, Any Grade N0, M0; pT, Any stage, Any Grade, N+, M0
- have had complete resection of limited metachronous/synchronous metastasis

Pembrolizumab R Placebo

Adjuvant Studies: Nivolumab in Treating Patients With Localized Kidney Cancer Undergoing Surgery with a Nephrectomy

Randomized phase III: **PROSPER**

- Localized RCC
- Clear-cell histology
- Primary endpoint: RFS
- Secondary endpoint: OS
- N = 766
- Clinical stage >= T2NxM0 or TanyN+ disease



Phase I Studies

Phase I Studies

- Increasing number of phase I studies examining various immunotherapy combinations
- Immunotherapy naïve and immunotherapy pretreated patients
- BMS-986178 (anti-OX40) by Itself or in Combination With Nivolumab, in Combination with Ipilimumab, or a Combination of all 3 Drugs
- Anti-LAG-3 (Relatlimab) With and Without an Anti-PD-1 (Nivolumab)
- > LAG525 (anti Lag3) \pm spartalizumab (PD1 inhibitor)
- CPI-444 (adenosine receptor inhibitor) Given by Itself and also in Combination With Atezolizumab
- Pembrolizumab and Ziv-aflibercept
- NKTR-214 in Combination with Nivolumab or in Combination with Nivolumab and Ipilimumab



- Canadian Centers contribute significantly to a wide range of RCC studies
- Increasing numbers of studies are opened
- Increasing number of patients are recruited to clinical trials
- Clinical trials are an important mean to offer novel and additional therapies to our patients



Studies involving Radiation

A Phase II, Multi-Centre Study, of Stereotactic Radiotherapy for Oligo-Progression in Metastatic Renal Cell Cancer Patients Receiving 1st Line Sunitinib Therapy (OZM-053)

Stereotactic radiotherapy will be administered for up to five areas of metastatic sites showing oligo-progression within the same time period.

≻ N = 68

Primary endpoint: To evaluate local control at one year of metastases treated with stereotactic radiotherapy in patients who present with oligoprogression while receiving first-line treatment with Sunitinib. A Phase II Proof of Principle Study of the Activity of Pembrolizumab (MK-3475) in Combination With SBRT in Primary Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor (TKI) Refractory Metastatic Kidney Cancer (mRCC) Patients (OZM-065)

Patients with progressive Disease as best response to first-line TKI

Arm A: Pembrolizumab will be started and Stereotactic Body Radiation Therapy will be given at the time of progression on pembrolizumab and pembrolizumab will be continued.

Arm B: Pembrolizumab will be started. Stereotactic Body Radiation Therapy will be given before the 2nd course of pembrolizumab and pembrolizumab will be continued.

N = 35

Primary Endpoint: Progression-free survival, as per ir-RECIST

Other Radiation Studies:

A Phase II, Multi-centre Study, of Combining Radiosurgery and Nivolumab in the Treatment of Brain Metastases From Non-small Cell Lung Cancer and Renal Cell Cancer (CHUM)

A Phase II Study on the Toxicity and Efficacy of a Normal Tissue Tolerance Adapted, 5 Fraction Stereotactic Body Radiation Therapy (SBRT) Regimen, for Extra-Cranial Oligometastases (UHN)

A Phase I Study Evaluating the Integration of Hypofractionated Renal Ablative Radiotherapy in the Setting of Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma (Lawson Health Center, London Ontario)

all studies recruiting