





Phase 3 Study of Perioperative Nivolumab in M0 RCC (EA8143, PROSPER RCC):

Neoadjuvant/adjuvant approach to priming the immune system before surgery

ECOG-ACRIN Team: Lauren Harshman, Mohamad Allaf, Naomi Haas,

Judi Manola, Maneka Puligandla, Charles Drake, David McDermott,

Michael Carducci on behalf of the NCTN PROSPER Team

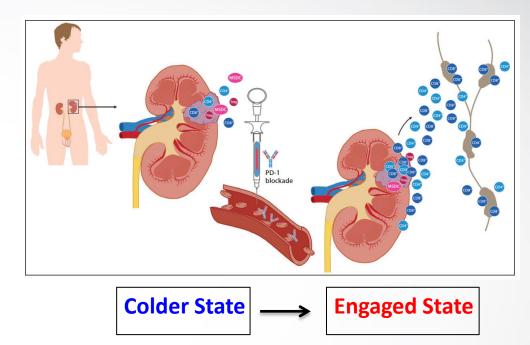
NCTN Champions: Toni Choueiri, Primo Lara, Daniel Heng, Anil Kapoor, Brad Leibovich

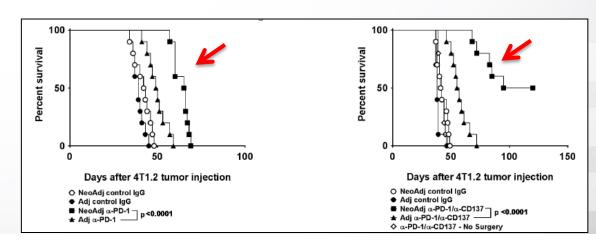
Brian Shuch, Dror Michaelson and Many Others!



Disrupting Practice: Pre-surgical Priming with anti-PD-1

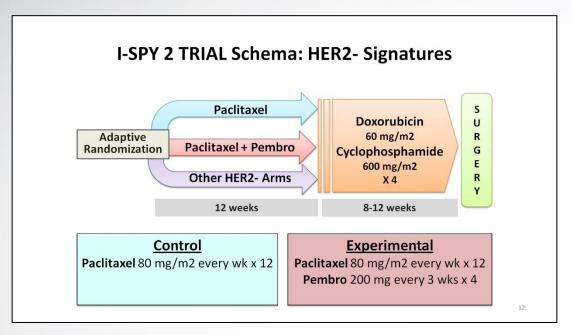
- Ongoing but unsuccessful anti-tumor T cell response in the primary tumor, tumor ME, and draining nodes
- Post-PD-1 blockade anti-tumor CD8 T cells may preferentially expand in these areas and traffic to distant sites and develop into memory cells (mice)
- Short course of neoadjuvant immunotherapy increased survival compared to adjuvant ...in MICE
 - Primary tumor required for T cell expansion
- Two ongoing phase 2 studies of neoadjuvant nivolumab in M0 RCC: safe, no surgical delays, target is hit





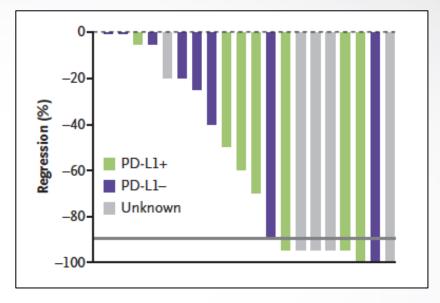


Proof of efficacy in other solid tumors: TNBC & Lung Cancer



Nanda ASCO 2017

- Tripling of estimated pCR rate in TNBC:
 60 vs. 20%
- Near tripling in HR+/HER2 neg: 34 vs. 13%
- The actual pCR rates even higher in TNBC



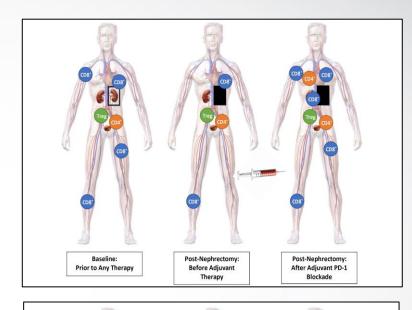
Forde NEJM 2018

- 2 doses of preoperative nivolumab in M0 NSCLC
- 45% experienced major pathologic response (MPR ≤10% viable tumor cells)
- Primary tumors with MPR: increased infiltrating lymphocytes and macrophages consistent with immune mechanism of response
- PD-L1 expression didn't predict response

Overall PROSPER Study Objective

 To examine whether the addition of perioperative nivolumab to radical or partial nephrectomy can improve clinical outcomes in patients with locally advanced renal cell carcinoma (RCC)

Adjuvant Only



Neoadjuvant
Priming
Followed by
Adjuvant

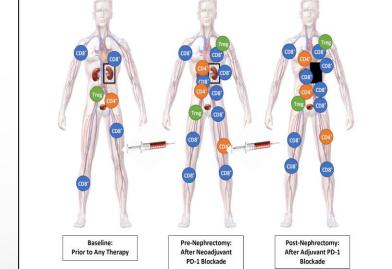
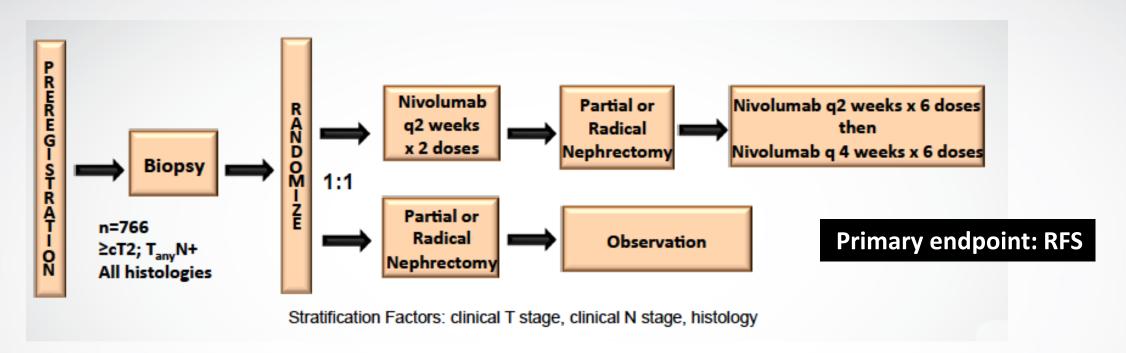


Figure H. Patel/JHU



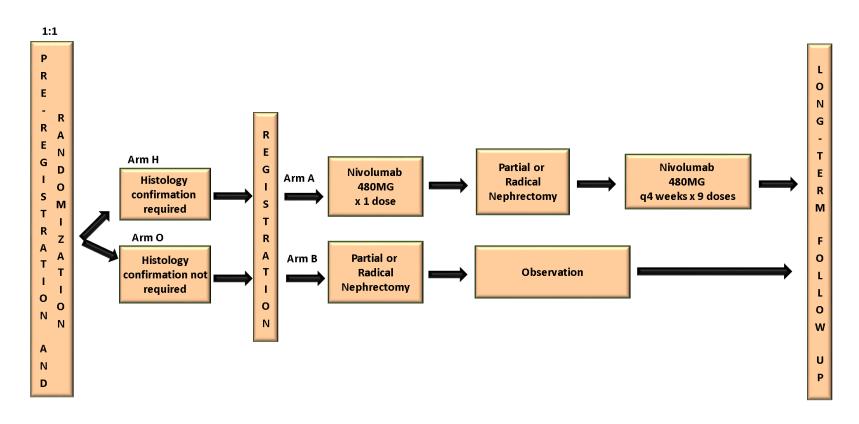
EA8143 PROSPER RCC: Adjuvant Therapy with a Twist



- Need the trifecta: presurgical priming with PD-1 blockade necessary for enhanced efficacy
- 2 neoadjuvant doses may not be sufficient → further engage with adjuvant therapy
- Biopsy before <u>or</u> after consent; Note: non-diagnostic biopsy is considered a good faith effort

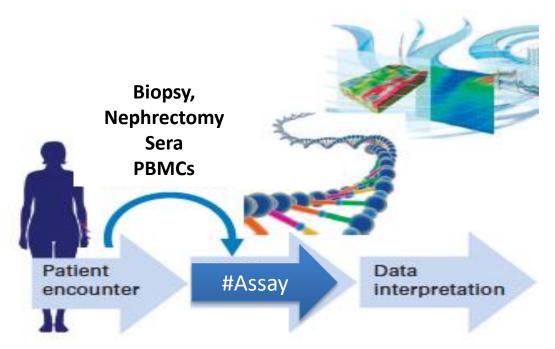
Urology PI: Allaf; PIs: Harshman/McDermott, MANY OTHERS

PROSPER: Revised Design—Amendment 4: Key Changes



- Limit biopsy to only Arm A patients receiving nivolumab (encouraged in Arm B/control)
- Liberalizing the past/current cancer eligibility criteria
- Allow bilateral renal masses if can be resected/thermal ablation at the same time or within 12 weeks
- Allow M1 if resectable at same time/within 12 weeks and patient rendered NED
- Change neoadjuvant nivolumab dose to 1 and adjuvant doses to every 4 weeks

PROSPER Biobank & Potential for Discovery/Precision Medicine





IHC & Multiplex immunofluorescence (IF)



Whole exome & transcriptome sequencing Mutational burden & neoantigen load

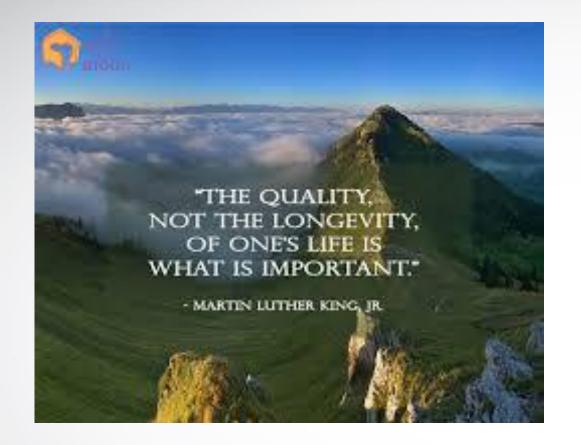
T cell proliferation (neoantigen response)
Nanostring platform (predictive immune signatures)



Cytokine signatures



RCC Organoids



Quality of Life Studies



David Cella MD

- Especially germane when we think about the adjuvant sunitinib controversy....and factor in drug related and financial toxicity and increased clinic visits
- If you increase time to disease recurrence but not overall survival/cures, the quality of life of the patient during the adjuvant therapy holds even more weight...but patient specific

Imaging Correlatives: ACRIN Collaboration

- PROSPER "ScanBank"
- Untapped opportunity here: open to proposals
- Bi-RADs, Pi-RADs, why not Ki-RADs? (Singer)



Rajan Gupta MD PROSPER Radiology Chair



Eric Singer MD
Urologist
Ki-RADs Lead

Closing thoughts on the PROSPER Neoadjuvant/Adjuvant Strategy

- Strong preclinical evidence that the mechanism behind PD-1 blockade relies on antigen—so priming the immune system when there's a greater burden of tumor antigen present makes sense
- Change is good--A little "hard work" upfront may mean a significant difference in survival for our patients
- The possible science and potential discovery with the addition of neoadjuvant priming is priceless





Reshaping the future of patient care